The Land Belongs in Usufruct to the Living.---Jefferson.

The Co...

FREE TRADE! FREE LA...

Vol. 5, No. 25. PORT ANGELES, WASH. TER., FRIDAY, APRIL 5, 18... PRICE...

THE COMMONWEALTH,

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER

Devoted to the Interests of Clallam County and the Cause of Labor.

PUBLISHED FRIDAYS

—AT—

PORT ANGELES, CLALLAM COUNTY, WASHINGTON TERRITORY, U. S. A.

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F. S. LEWIS, E. B. MASTICK, Jr. } Editors and Publishers.

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FRIDAY, APRIL 5, 1889.

The Commonwealth is sent this week to a large number of persons in Clallam County and elsewhere, in the hope that they will appreciate our motives and whether they agree with our views or not, will give us, by subscribing, a chance at least to make ourselves understood. To those who live in Clallam County, we would say, that your interests are our interests and that nothing so aids in building up a county as a live and aggressive newspaper and, to that end, in helping us you are helping yourselves.

WASHINGTON TIMBER LANDS.

I read with much interest in the *Standard* of the 23 inst. the article by J. W. Sullivan on the disposition of grazing lands in Wyoming and other western states and territories having large areas of government lands. His argument would apply equally well to this Territory ...its vast timber and mineral resources. Washington Territory has the most considerable area of untouched timber land in the United States, covering as it does a large portion of the territory between the Cascade mountains and the Pacific Ocean, containing 35000 square miles. So far milling operations have confined to lines of railroad around Puget Sound, but the scarcity of timber in the magnificent virgin forest has attention of the lumber trade, just securing the choicest parts of skillful manipulation and act. As yet the more mountainous regions are unexplored, hence beyond their wealth. Surveyor General of this in a letter recently published in which he has urged upon Congress the necessity of having them surveyed and sold so as to save the timber from destruction by fire or theft. As it now stands no one is interested in saving the timber from destruction. We are thus confronted by two evils between which we must choose the least. Whether to let the vast tracks of mountain timber go into the hands of monopolists or be gradually destroyed by fire or stolen.

If the present system of land holding is to continue many years the government should change its policy of dealing with these lands. It should sell the timber only, giving a reasonable time for its removal. Otherwise the land will become an eyesore to the future state when, denuded of its timber and abandoned by the owner it remains a bar to settlement and an incumbrance on the tax list. But should the single tax plan be adopted by the state, no harm can come from the present policy of sale. In such case the lands with their timber will be taxed in proportion to the value of the opportunity they present for the employment of capital and labor and thus cannot be held for speculation without paying to the state the rise caused by the growth of the community and scarcity of lumber. This view of the case has been presented in these columns before but it is of such importance at this time that we present it again. Only a few years ago Washington was a wild and unsettled territory, few settlers having ventured far beyond the coast of Puget Sound. But, enticed by a remarkably salubrious climate, abundant timber and mineral resources and a soil as productive as the world affords a flood of immigrants is pouring into the Territory in search of homes. Already land is becoming scarce in the surveyed portions and the unsurveyed tracts are being settled upon. The last Congress having appropriated only five thousand dollars for the years survey in the Territory much inconvenience will result. The coming constitutional convention will have some knotty questions presented for adjustment, and no less a responsibility will rest upon the first legislature convened under the constitution of their making. If proper wisdom animates these two bodies we may hope for some advance upon the old, unjust and cumbersome methods of the past.

F. S. LEWIS.

THE CONVENTION.

Probably about the first act of Govenor Moore will be the issuance of a proclamation convening a constitutional convention. We understand that this county is joined to Jefferson in the formation of a district entitled to three delegates. In voting no person can vote for more than two delegates. This will enable Clallam county to elect one should the people give the matter the proper attention. As a matter of a state constitution affects the people whatever their political opinions, and as all alike are interested in the best possible organic law, such a policy prevail throughout the Territory no fears need be entertained as to the wisdom of the body thus organized.

In our opinion the work to be done by the convention is not exaustive, but it will requir honesty of purpose and a thorough knowledge of the laws of social progress to secure an instrument that will not hamper the progress of the state socially, morally and physically. Indeed the constitution should be little more than a bill of rights leaving all details of legislation to the representatives of the people. If this course is persued few if any changes will needs be made in future. Some states however have committed the error of putting a considerable amount of detail legislation in their constitutions, thus interfering for many years with all progress in law making. To see the necessity of a liberal course in this matter it only requires a reference to the history of legislation in this country and in England where acts to amend acts appear to have occupied the larger part of the time of legislative bodies.

Then again, the people of Washington today have no right to attempt to set obstacles in the way of the coming generation. The people of any year have the right to self government, and should not be hampered by the opinions of dead men. "The dead are dead, and their oracles dumb, when questioned of the new conditions that human life evolves in its progress." Washington will be unworthy the name it bears if the forthcoming convention evolves a constitution that takes from the people any of the rights which belong to them or hampers them in the easy and frequent change of methods of government. Should corporations secure control of that body we may expect to see them endeavor to fortify themselves in their ill gotton holdings behind an ironclad instrument it would take years to change. Should such an instrument be presented to the people they should reject it.

Regarding the subjects of prohibition and woman suffrage these should be voted upon separately so as not to endanger the accepting of an otherwise, good constitution.

A Startling Report

Under the above heading the *South-West*, of Fort Worth, Texas says:

"The Congressional Committee appointed early last year to investigate the cause and consequence of the Reading strike, then in progress, and to report to the House such measures or recommendations as necessary to secure to the public the regular execution by the railroad company of its obligation to serve as a common carrier, and to investigate the troubles between the coal corporations and their employees in that region, has lately completed its report, and it must be confessed that it is one calculated to challenge the serious attention of every thoughtful mind. In substance, it ascribes the labor troubles in the coal regions principally to the speculations of the corporation managers.

It enters into elaborate details of the plunder of $60,000,000 belonging to investors by the manipulation of managing speculators. It exposes the successful consolidation schemes of parallel lines and the crushing out absolutely of all competition. It pictures the condition of the workers, the overwork, the long hours, the slavish rules and the brutal dominance of Coal and Iron police—the private militia of the corporations—in plain terms. The methods of goading the miners to strike at particular times in order to run up prices is explained. It calls for Congressional interference, and says that "any private control of a thing which the God of all designed for all should be regulated by all through the government." In regard to strikes on railroads, it says that they can be prevented by federal legislation punishing officials for retarding interstate traffic.

Referring to railroad legislation it says that "Congress has a serious and imperative task to perform in the near future, which is to legislate so as to prevent the producer, the shipper, the consumer, the traveler, and the railroad employee from having to pay a dividend or interest on the watered stock, or extravagant and fraudulent debt of the railroads in this country upon an average capitalization of probably three times their actual cost." The picture which the committee draws of the cruelties practiced by the corporations and the misery and degradation suffered by the miners, is simply astounding. The New York *Herald* commenting upon the report, says:

"The rich men who brought on the horrors of the great strike in the anthracite coal regions of Pennsylvania last winter, must have hearts of stone if they can read the report of the Tillman Congressional Committee and be unmoved. Every citizen in the country should read this burning word picture of the enmillioned monster that feeds on human suffering, driving half naked men, women and children out in the snow to perish, and planting its feet upon the bread-trays and hearthstones of 50,000 homes simply that the price of coal may rise, to the misery of other helpless thousands in the great cities. This system should be blasted. It is a breeder of anarchy. It makes men go hungry in a land of plenty. It is the oppressor of the poor, the enemy of republican institutions. To merely prate of the duty of the citizen to respect the law in the presence of legally organized brigandage is a mockery of wrongs that cry out for justice. The fact that 50,000 starving miners remained on a strike for months in bitter winter weather without resorting to lawlessness in the face of the heartless tyranny revealed in this Congressional report is proof enough of their patience and long suffering."

"Why would a barber rather shave three Americans than one foreigner?" asked he. You give it up? Of course you do. Well, because he'd get 45 cents from the three Americans and only ... cents from the foreigner."

SIX MEN OF WAR LOST.

Daring Bank Robbery at Denver.

MURAT HALSTEAD DEFEATED.

Providence Takes a Hand.

AUCKLAND, March 29.—Dispatches from Samoa state that the American men-of-war Trenton, Vandalia and Nipsic and the German men-of-war Adler, Olga, and Eber were driven on a reef during a violent storm and totally wrecked.

Of the American crews four officers and 46 men were drowned, and of the German crews nine officers and 87 men lost their lives.

A Nervy Robber.

DENVER (Col.) March 29.—Yesterday morning immediately after the opening of the First National Bank, a well dressed man with light mustache and complection and of medium height walked into the bank and asked Cashier Ross Lewin where he could see Mr. Moffat, who is also president of the Denver & Rio Grande railway, at the President's office in the Cheesman block.

Nothing more was seen or heard of the stranger until this morning about ten o'clock, when he entered the office and asked to see Mr. Moffat on important business. He was admitted to his private room, and briefly stated that he had discovered a conspiracy whereby the First National bank was to be robbed of a large amount of money. Mr. Moffat told the man he was very busy at that moment but would be pleased to meet him at his private office at the bank at one o'clock. With this the man left the building. A few minutes after the hour appointed he called at the bank and was shown into the President's office. While remaining standing he enquired if Cashier M. H. Wood was in and was told that he was at lunch. He then asked for a blank check for the purpose of showing how the robbery was to be perpetrated. The check was handed him.

He laid it upon the desk in front of Mr. Moffat and said: "I will have to do this myself," and pulling a large revolver from his coat pocket, placed it at Mr. Moffat's head and in a decidedly earnest but unexcited manner said: "I want $21,000 and am going to have it. I have considered this matter and the chances I am running, and the consequences if I fail and am arrested. I am a penniless and desperate man, and have been driven during the past week to that point where I have considered suicide as the only means of escape from the poverty and misery in which I exist. You have millions. I am determined to have what I have asked for or you die. If you make a noise, call a man or ring a bell, I will blow your brains out and then blow up the building and myself with this bomb of glycerine [which he that moment pulled out of another pocket.] Now take your choice."

Moffat started to argue with the man, but was stopped with the information that it was useless, and that he had but two minutes in which to fill out the check before him for $21,000 if he desired to live. Moffat, seeing no other alternative, filled out the check and was then ordered to take it to the paying teller and get it cashed. Mr. Moffat left his office, and with the man beside him, with the revolver partially concealed under his overcoat, and with the muzzle almost against Moffat's back marched with him behind the counter and up to paying teller Keeney with a request that the check be immediately cashed. They re-marched into Moffat's office without attracting the attention of one of the 15 or 20 clerks who were busy at work within two feet of where they passed.

After they had remained in the private office three or four minutes the robber informed Mr. Moffat that they were wasting time and that he had better step to the door and motion his teller to come to him, which he did. Moffat instructed him to bring the money into his office, and as the teller turned to go away, the robber told him that he wanted $20,000 in bills and $1,000 in gold. The money was brought in and handed over to the man, who for a brief moment had owned the bank, and waiting till the teller had reached his desk, he backed out of the front door, making Moffat stand in his door until he had reached the curbstone.

He then raised his hat and walked around the corner and has not been heard of since.

Senatorial Spite.

Murat Halstead, whom the President appointed minister to Germany, was defeated in the Senate by republican votes. The animus of the case lies in the action of that gentleman as Editor of the Cincinnati *Commercial Gazette* in asking for an investigation into the manner of the election of "Standard Oil" Payne. It was believed at the time and is generally believed still that Payne's election was secured by the corrupt use of money.

Payne's speech in the Senate was very bitter and so were those of several Senators.

The sympathy of the press generally is with Halstead and the course of the Senate in rejecting him is likely to increase the unpopularity of that body and hasten its abolition.

Where the Money Goes.

WASHINGTON, March 29.—The clerks of the appropriation committees of the two houses, who are required by law to prepare statements of the appropriaitons made at each session, have completed that duty and have compiled a statement showing the appropriations for fiscal years from 1875 to 1890 inclusive. This table shows a constantly but not regularly decreasing total of appropriations. The appropriations for the year ending June 30, 1890, are as follows: Agriculture, $1,669,770; army, $24,000,116; diplomatic and consular, $1,980,025; District of Columbia, $5,687,406; fortifications, $1,233,594; Indians, $8,035,725; legislative and judicial, $20,840,536; military, $902,767; navy, $22,692,510; pensions, $81,758,200; postoffice, $66,605,344; sundry civil, $25,277,342; deficiencies, $16,423,360; miscellaneous, $10,153,980; permanent appropriations, $198,691,656.

The total appropriations made by each of the several congresses since 1874 are as follows: Forty-third, $649,794,991; forty-[illegible] $594,643,272; forty-fifth, $703,605,[illegible]; forty-seventh [illegible] 956,603; forty-seventh [illegible] eighth, $655,268,402; [illegible] 51%.

A Sum in Proportion.

[By T. L. McCready.]

Three hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars! Don't you wish you had it?

If you had $325,000, my friend, you could—you could—well now lets consider a moment and study out just what a sum like that really means.

Four per cent is not a very heavy rate of interest, with good security. Let us suppose that you invest your money at four per cent. At that rate your $325,000 would bring you in an income of $13,000 a year.

The average annual earnings of American wage workingmen are, let us say, about $600; of women—young, old, middle-aged, healthy and infirm—say $300, and of children, we may suppose, about $150.

Your $13,000 a year, then, will command the work for one year of:

Twenty-one men, and four-sixths of a man over;

Or of forty-three women, and one-third of a woman over.

Or of eighty-six children, and two thirds of a child over.

Or, to put it another way, it gives you the power to call on the people to New York to furnish you yearly with something like:

Two hundred and sixty beeves,
Or three thousand sheep.
Or twenty-six hundred barrels of flour,
Or one hundred and thirty thousand loaves of the best bread.

I needn't multiply the illustrations. You can amuse yourself for an hour, if you like, by figuring out what $13,000 a year represents, first in one thing and then in another.

And is this the kind of idle talk with which I propose to waste good printer's ink and fair white paper? Have I anything better to tell you than a lot of old "chestnuts" about the command that money gives a man over the labor-gaining powers of his fellows? Wait a ...

A few weeks ago a block of vacant land, comprising thirty-two full lots, bounded by 121st and 122d streets, Mount Morris park and Sixth avenue, was sold by the Astor estate for $325,000.

Vacant land, mind you! Not land that had been built upon, or improved by tillage, or utilized for any purpose under heaven; but just land that had been kept vacant.

And simply in return for signing a piece of paper containing its gracious consent that somebody else shall have the right to keep those thirty-two lots of land vacant if he wants to, the Astor estate has received authority to call on the people of the city of New York to furnish, year by year, henceforth and forever, free of charge, the men and women and children and beeves and sheep and barrels of flour and loaves of bread represented by an income of $13,000 a year. I'm not altogether certain what an Astor estate is, but I would to God I were one! I would to God that by signing some sort of a written permission to some other fellow to do nothing if he chose to, *I* could secure the free service of an assortment of humanity, consisting, we'll say, of ten men, fifteen women and a dozen or so of children, with a few society saviors or similar job lots thrown in to make full count. The situation might not be strictly ethical, but I'll warrant it would be comfortable—for me, that is.

You think this sort of talk is nonsense, eh? and wonder what I mean by it? My dear fellow, I never was more strictly serious in my life. Regarded solely as the owner of those thirty-two vacant lots, the Astor estate has not only produced absolutely nothing—has not only never done the first hand's turn of work itself, but it has gone farther still and actually prevented other people from producing wealth by putting a fence round the land on which they might have worked. The world is not a penny the richer nor a hearts thrill the happier for anything the Astor estate has ever done on or to those thirty-two vacant lots. On the contrary, it is many a dollar the poorer and by many a bitter pang more miserable. Mothers hearts have been rent with anguish for their little ones stewed to death in tenement houses for want of the fresh air that overblows these vacant lots. Strong men have walked the streets workless and an-hungered who would have gladly delved in that sacred soil. Houseless girls have sought in dens of sin the shelter that they might have found on that idle unused land. God has been defied, and Christ blasphemed, and persons killed, that the fences round these lots might be inviolate. Year after year men who wanted homes for wives and little ones have tried to bribe the Astor estate to let them build upon that land; and year after year the Astor estate has steadily refused. As population grew denser and denser, proffered bribes have risen higher and higher, until at last even an Astor estate's cupidity has been satisfied, and it has graciously accepted the privilege of taxing the people of the city of New York to the tune of $13,000 a year forever, and in return—done what?—pulled down its fences and restored the land to the outraged people whose mere presence and pressure had created its value? Deuce a bit of it! It has turned the fences over to some one else, who hopes to hold them inviolate until he, in turn can squeeze an extra privilege of taxation out of the crowding, struggling myriads to whom the fathers of the Christian church proclaim that God Almighty made this pleasant earth for the benefit of a favored few! Think it out until you realize the robbery! Ponder on it until you comprehend the wrong!

And then, consider yet a little more. For the privilege of using or not using less than two acres of bare ground, which God made and no man can add to or diminish, we of the city of New York have consented to give the Astor estate, forever, the labor of twenty-one men out of our number.

There are on this island of Manhattan 137,000 city lots.

Some of those lots have less rental value than those the Astor estate has just disposed of, but many of them have far more. The thirty-two lots we have been considering represent, if anything, less than the average.

It's a simple sum in rule of three. If we allow the Astor estate to tax us $13,000 a year because it "owns" thirty-two lots, how much taxes do we pay the whole body of land-owners because they "own" 137,000 lots?

32 : $13,000.00 :: 137,000 : $55,656,250.00.

Correct; go up head. And now tell me how you like it.

Fifty-five millions of dollars yearly—the ... of nearly 100,000 able-bodied men year in and year out; the toil of 250,000 women—that is what we have pledged in perpetuity that Astor estates may ... of society grow rich ... align the God by ... approves it all!

And mind you, we pay an extra dollar or two in the shape of taxes besides—you and I and other landless ones whom God allowed to come into the world by mistake!

Ah, think of it! think of it! Fifty-five millions of dollars yearly; well nigh sixty dollars for each and every man, woman and child that lives upon this Island of Manna-hatta—this island whose rental value we and our forebears have increased from nothing to this prodigious sum, and are still increasing. It is all our own. We made it and are making it; and we only have a right to it, as those who come after us will have the right in their turn. How long shall we wait ere with united action we stretch forth our hands to take our own again.

I know it is written in the Gospel of Things as They Are that God's laws were never meant to prevent poverty—that He, the loving One, is powerless to abolish it, even if He would. I have heard it preached from pulpit and from rostrum, but I don't believe it. Nor do you. For neither you nor I can imagine a Father in heaven loving enough to devise a scheme to save our souls from the pit of hell, yet cruel enough to leave our bodies wallowing and writhing in the dismal slough of poverty. From the lips of Him who died to save our souls came the precept that shall suffice to save our bodies: "Whatsoever ye would that men should do unto you, even so do ye also unto them." Only this—a short, but all-sufficing rule. Quench and quell that dog-in-the manger spirit that seeks to claim the monopoly of God's free gifts to man—acknowledge once for all that our God is a just God and knows no favorites among His children—and poverty shall vanish away like some dank miasm before the rising sun; and though the Astor estate may have no slaves to work for it, it will yet find ample comfort in its just share of the bounties heaven has provided for us all.—Land and Labor Library.

The universities and colleges of the whole world are against protective taxes as the worst in principle and the most burdensome in practice that can be laid upon a people. The industrial and commercial prosperity of Great Britain under a scheme of taxation from which the idea of protection is rigorously excluded, is a standing proof of the practical advantages of the opposing system. If the most careful thinkers of every country and the best works on political economy are authorities, the operation of protective tariffs is injurious both to the people who pay the tariff tax and to the industries that tax is intended to benefit. A high tariff necessarily works injustice, breeds monopolies, discourages enterprise and impoverishes the many while it enriches the few. These are some of the reasons why the intelligent patriots of every country oppose or regret the establishment of the protective system. Many countries have adopted tariff taxes as a means of raising revenue, not because they consider such taxes wise or just, but because the people can be most easily induced to bear them. The weight of authority and experience in this country is wholly against the continuance of the existing system, not alone in the South, but throughout the North wherever there is a centre of independent thought. Its only loud advocates, apart from the politicians are its beneficiaries, the manufacturers and their dupes. It is rather absurd, therefore, for the President to treat the doctrine of tariff reform as a matter of interest only to the South, or as a delusion of a past age and as belonging to an obsolete state of things. It is of as much interest to the farmers of the West and Northwest and to the masses of the people throughout the North generally as to the South. The large vote of the educated workingmen of our cities for tariff reform in the last elections show conclusively that the tariff is not now a sectional issue, but a question between the beneficiaries of the tariff and its victims in every community.

The President yielding to a popular cry from some quarters, wants restriction of immigration. "We accept the man as a citizen without knowledge of his fitness, etc. They become a burden upon public revenues and a threat to social order," etc. We are sorry to hear a President utter one word that conflicts with the American idea that this country is the home of the brave and land of the free, the refuge of the oppressed and the asylum of the down trodden of the world. Our country was settled by men who were threateners of social order in the Old World. Under new conditions here they become good citizens. When social order is threatened it may be put down as a settled fact that social order ought to be threatened, for there is something rotten about it. Thomas Jefferson thought that way, and he even went so far as to say that a revolution or a threatened one ought to take place about every twenty years to keep things healthy. There did not use to be any paupers here for the paupers of Old Europe found land and opportunities open here, and some of the descendents of these paupers, nay, of these very jailbirds are the aristocrats who rob the people and prate about that social order which keeps them so comfortable. A domestic pet becomes a wild beast when enraged and hungered. Change social conditions by radical law and we will only be glad to have immigrants. Maryland and Virginia alone, States among the first settled, have still miles of wilderness yet untamed by man. —Critic.

Industrial Aristocry.

Politically America is a democracy; industrially it is an aristocracy. The community which allows the laborer to determine the destinies of the nation, allows him no voice in determining the nature or the profit of his own industry. He makes political laws, he is under industrial laws. At the ballot box he is a king; in the factory he is a servant, sometimes a slave. Men who make legislators, governors, judges, presidents, are not allowed to determine how many hours a day they will work, and are able to determine what wages they shall receive only by organizing into an unarmed militia to preserve that right. The community at the same moment puts a ballot into the hand, and a manacle upon it. We must either take the ballot out or the manacle off.—Rev. Lyman Abbott, in century.

The O. R. & N. company's business is increasing so rapidly that it has been found necessary to reduce the running expenses by reducing the wages of employes 10 per cent. This sounds like a paradox and is, no doubt; but it is the best excuse the *News* can find for the action. Perhaps someone can furnish a better solution of the 14-15 puzzle, but we have ... —Tacoma ...

UNHEEDED GIFTS.

They placed rare lilies in her hands,
Poor hands that scarce had toned a flower;
And creamy rose-buds, whose perfume
Embalmed her for her funeral hour.

They wrapped her form in lustrous silk,
And draped soft folds of filmy lace
About the slender purseless wrists,
And underneath the patient face.

At last she lay in perfect rest;
While voices—late so low to praise
Rehearsed her many virtues o'er,
And spoke of all her pleasant ways.

The sleeper heeded not the wealth
Of bloom that lay within her hands;
And not a word of love or loss
Her sealed ears could understand.

Strange, we so often keep the flowers
To lay in folded hands at last!
And little luxuries of life
Withhold, till care for them is past.

Strange that we do not oftener praise
The willing toiler by our side!
Why keep the full-blown flower of love
Until our friend we loved has died?

—*Lillian Grey, in Good Housekeeping*

A DETECTIVE'S TALK.

An Old Hand Outlines the Requisites of a Good Sleuth.

In a pleasant half hour's talk the other day with the head of a great detective agency of National reputation, I learned more about the favorite dime novel heroes—detectives—than I have ever read or imagined in the whole course of my existence, writes a correspondent of the Chicago *Journal*.

As all who have ever had any dealings with them well know, detectives in real life are very different from those in novels and plays. The stage detective is a neatly dressed, debonair individual with mutton chop whiskers. With the aid of wig and false beards he assumes all sorts of disguises, which he suddenly throws off to disclose his real identity at the most unexpected moments. Dion Boucicault, in one of his plays, represents a detective who is quite a young man as making himself up for an elderly gentleman of sixty years, and going about holding conversations with people who know him well without being recognized. In many other plays and novels detectives are represented as doing similar impossible things. The cunningest hair-worker can not make a wig or beard which will defy the detection of a keen observer in a bright light, and every actor well knows that it is impossible to paint upon the face the lines which simulate old age without making it perfectly plain to spectators near the stage that they are painted and not natural. There is nothing peculiar or distinctive in the dress or appearance of real detectives, and the famous one to whom I have alluded looks more like a respectable farmer than any thing else. When I asked him how men become detectives he replied that they don't "become" but must have a natural gift for the profession.

"Detectives must be born and not made," he continued. "Many of them first find out their aptitude for the work by some event occurring in their own private experience which causes them, for the nonce to turn amateur detectives. That was the case with the late Allen Pinkerton.

"He was farming in the West, and was much annoyed by the depredations of a gang of horse-thieves. By the cleverest kind of detective work he at length succeeded in bringing them to justice and recovering his nags. His services were then sought by his neighbors in similar cases, and the final result was that he established the Pinkerton Detective Agency."

"What qualities are most essential in a detective?" I asked.

"Tact, coolness, courage, good judgment and self-control. The lack of any of these will debar a man from attaining the highest rank in the profession, though it may not prevent him from being fairly clever in some branches of it. I once knew and employed a very bright young fellow who possessed every requisite of a great general detective, save self-control, and the lack of that quality caused him to spoil some of his best work. I resolved to subject him to one of the severest of all tests of a detective's skill. I set him to try to extort a confession from a young woman charged with infanticide. In the course of many interviews with this girl he fell in love with her, as he afterward confessed to me, and blinded by his passion he came to believe firmly in her innocence. He also formed a theory that she was not the mother of the murdered child, but had assumed to be to protect the reputation of her younger sister. Nevertheless, determined to do his duty, he persisted in his attempts to extort a confession, believing that the result would be the confirmation of his theory. He played his part so well that the girl broke down and was about to confess herself a murderess, when he, realizing the true state of the case, was so angry at being himself thus deceived in the character of the woman he loved, that he ... with such a volley of oaths and rep... as forever sealed the unnatural ... lips on the subject of her crime. ... sequence she was acquitted for ... rect evidence. This shows how self-control is to a detective.

"Besides the qualities I hav... strong perceptive faculties are of ... portance to a detective, as is als... of generalization which will ena... jump at once to correct conc... slight and seemingly trifling ... good, reliable memory he m... having once seen a face, ... instantly recognize and ... ter when, where ... stances he ... remember ... dates as we ... fession in w... and acquir... edge of any ... useful.

"A det... and good ... power of ... him to ma... that goes ... to do ... that a... innoc... alwa... enec... circ... ing ... of ... cur... cer... the ... peo... wa... his ... the ... fact th... wearin... ing b... accus... wig ... the ... he...

farmer, proclaimed himself ... derer. He fully corroborated ... statement about the wig, saying ... mortal struggle with the peasant ... had attacked within a few moments ... the farmer had left him, the wig had ... from his victim's head, but that in his ... to rob the dead man and conceal his body in the hedge he had entirely overlooked the circumstance. The real murderer was subsequently hanged for his crime.

"I was one night privately summoned to a fashionable club in New York, where a reputedly wealthy swell was believed to be cheating at poker.

"Though he indignantly denied the accusation of having cards concealed about his person, he absolutely refused to permit himself to be searched or to display the contents of his pockets. When we came to search him by force we found no cards, but several ham sandwiches in his clothes. Losses in Wall street and at the gaming table had so reduced him in circumstances that he had been obliged to give up taking meals regularly at a restaurant or boarding house and to buy cheap food which he carried in his pockets and devoured surreptitiously when opportunity offered, preferring to deny himself in this way rather than to sacrifice his passion for fine dress and play.

A prominent English detective who recently visited this country to work up a case in the interest of the Bank of England told me he was called to the South Kensington Museum in London a few years ago to arrest a gentleman on suspicion of having stolen a very valuable old Roman coin, believed to be the only one of its kind extant. Upon presenting an official order he had been permitted to take the coin from the case, to which he had seemingly returned it after examining for some time. But when the attendant was about to lock the case the coin was missing. The gentleman indignantly denied having it, and refused to be searched. The detective I have mentioned, by a forcible search, found the coin upon him and was about to take him to prison, when, as the attendant was about to replace the coin in the case, he discovered the one belonging to the museum just where it had slipped out of sight when the gentleman restored it. It seems that there was another of the coins, and that the gentleman had purchased it and then was anxious to compare it with the one in the museum to establish its genuineness. Thus you see how black circumstances may sometimes appear against the most innocent person."

"What is the pay of a private detective?"

"It varies greatly. The usual charge of reputable agencies is $3 per day, of which the detective himself gets about one-half. Many men, after a little experience on the police force, or in connection with some agency, set themselves up as private detectives, and then they charge whatever they think they can get. I have known them to accept patrons to pay them the absurd sum of $5 per day."

HABITS OF ANTS.

How They Livd the Way in Which They Bury Their Dead.

In spite of the many duties and tasks that are imposed on those they bear, they still find time to clean and adorn their worthy little persons. No speck, atom of dust or any thing else unclean will they tolerate on their bodies. They get rid of the dirt with the brushy tuft on their feet or with their tongues, says the New York *Graphic*. They act for all the world like domestic cats when they clean and lick themselves, and they assist one another at the task precisely like monkeys. Their sense of cleanliness goes so far that the naturalist often finds to his unpleasant surprise the colored marks that he had applied with so much care on his "trial ants" removed by their dirt-hating friends. They keep their dwellings just as cleanly.

But the conveying away of their deceased brethren, whose bodies they appear to regard with the greatest antipathy, gives them more trouble than any thing else. When some members of an ant community which Mr. Cook kept imprisoned died and could not be removed, those remaining seemed affected with the greatest horror. For days the insects ran about seeking a way out, and ceased only when completely exhausted. The ants belonging to the camponorous species seized the dead and threw them into the water-pail, which they converted into a sepulcher. Ordinarily, though, the ants are said to treat their dead with more reverence. They even possess their own graveyards, which lie in the vicinity of their nests. They convey their deceased companions thither, where they lay them down in orderly little heaps or rows.

It is only the corpses of their fellows, however, that they ... in this manner. Dead strangers ... like something unclean ... in place ... Even between ... of same community ... observed a ... While the m...

...got moved in ...der Front, and ...completed and ...for the accomodation ...

...horse is building a warehouse ...aurel street and fitting up his pres- ...warehouse for a hardware store.

...r. Brumfield formerly stationed at ...Angeles Signal Office has been or- ...d from Tatoosh station to Pysht to ...ve Mr. F. S. Coburn.

...rs. Stratton's house corner First and ...streets has been rented for a China ...house. The other wash house is ...ted on Laurel street at the corner of ...alley.

...tree fell in the Gulch road Tuesday ...ng the storm and blocked the travel ...late in the afternoon, when Ander- ...nd Studivan came with the logging ...and removed the obstruction.

...Central Hotel has been rented by ...Morse to Richard McDonald of ...Townsend who will soon take ...ge. Dick is an old Clallam County ...having lived for many years at New ...geness.

...libut and salmon are now quite ...tiful. A branch of the Glouchester ...g company has been established, ...ing the market well supplied with ...out and small fish and the Indians ...atching an abundance of fine salmon.

...gs for setting, Light Bramha's, ...outh Rock's and Pekin China ...s at $1.50 per dozen.

Address:
Frank Chambers.
Port Angeles, W. T.
5 to 4 12

...rdon and Gordon have sold out ...store business to Frank McGill of ...place who left for up Sound Tues- ...n the Evangel, to purchase goods to ...e his present stock. Mr. and Mrs. ...have moved to their ranch near ...prairie, preparing it for the ...ne colony they are about to found, ...tioned in this paper some two ...since.

...Laughlin of Pysht has sold to F. ...urn his interest of one hundred ...f milch cows, consideration not ...These cows were raised in Quil- ...The local demand for dairy pro- ...s well as the increasing ...r shipment justifies our start- ...that business on a large scale in ...

...UMPTION SURELY CURED.

...E EDITOR—Please inform your read- ...I have a positive remedy for the above ...disease. By its timely use thousands of ...ss cases have been permanently cured. ...be glad to send two bottles of my reme- ...FREE to any of your readers who have con- ...if they will send me their express ...and post office address. Respectfully,
T. A. SLOCUM, M. C., 181 Pearl st., New York.

...wind storm of Tuesday was the ...e experienced in Clallam County ...ars. At Port Angeles trees were ...g in all directions and some houses ...wly escaped destruction. Some of ...ams from town were back in the ...y and had to cut their way home ...gh fallen timber. At Crescent bay ...n named Thompson whose house ...ong the timber, concluded to take ...and baby to a neighbor for safe- ...fore they reached the latter house ...e fell on them, killing the mother ...knocking the man senseless. The ...was uninjured. They were found ...after the accident.

...e man referred to in last issue as ...ently killed on Quillayute trail, was ...Thomas of Tacoma, recently from ... He was killed ... a falling ...Thomas ...

Nos. 8890, 8946, ... 8248, 9258, ... 9267, 92... 9280, 9283, 9284, 9286, 9289, 9290, 9292, 9296, 9299, 9300, 9302, 9307, 9308, 9314, 9317 to 9320 inclusive, 9330, 9331, 9335, 9339, 9342, 9344, 9357, 9348, 9349, 9351, 9352, 9353, 9360, 9370, 9373, 9378, 9384, 9385, 9386, 9392, 9395, 9396, 9400, 9405, 9415, 9419, 9420, 9425, 9431, 9432, 9435, 9437, 9440, 9441, 9444, 9445, 9450, 9453, 9457, 9458, 9459, 9462, 9465, 9467, 9469, 9470, 9471, 9473, 9475, 9478, 9479, 9482, 9483, 9485, 9490, 9[illegible]54, 10020, 10021, 10039, 10150, 10161, 10162, 10164, 10175, 10180, 10181, 10182, 10187, 10188, 10190, 10196, 10198, 10211, 10216, 19221, 10223, 10227, 10242, 10245, 10256, 10258, 10256, 10265, 10269, 10286, 10288, 10289, 10290, 10295, 10301, 10306, 10310, 10317, 10318, 10320 to 10324 include, 10316, 10332, 10333, 10334, 10340, 10341, 10346, 10348, 10349, 10351, 10357, 10362, 10363, 10366, 10372, 10375, 10376, 10377, 10379, 10380, 10364, 10395, 10418, 10423, 10424, 10433, 10439, 10440, 10442, 10444, 10445, 10475, 10483, 10484, 10488, 10489, 10490, 10491, 10504, 10505, 10506, 10558, 10562, 10584, 10594 and 10614.

HOMESTEAD PATENTS.

Nos. 757, 2062, 2210, 2228, 2235, 2240, 2323, 2329, 2343, 2355, 2368, 2371, 2402, 2403, 2405, 2406, 2408, 2409, 2411 to 2414 inclive, 2419 to 2426 inclusive, 2429, 2332, 2436 inclusive, 2438, 2439, 2440, 2442, 2444, 2447, 2450, 2452 to 2457 inclusive, 2459, 2461, 2464 to 2469 inclusive, 2473, 2474, 2477, 2478, 2477, 2485, 2487 to 2496 inclusive, 2499, 2500, 2501, 2502, 2505, 2507, 2508, 2509, 2512, 2515 and 2811.

Chas. Sheldon has given up barbering and taken the position of steward on steamer Evangel.

Town Improvements.

All are now busily engaged in building, clearing or fencing their lots and street work is languishing in consequence. Our citizens started to grade Front street on the bluff and completed it in some small amount of labor would have opened Front street in good shape. There is now no way to reach the hill by wagon except by the gulch road. The hill cannot be reached from the West End direct. Such a state of affairs does not speak well for the enterprise of the West Enders, and a move should be made at once either to finish the work on Front street or use one half the required labor and open Front street. Again, Laurel street should be opened to the townsite line. These are important works and would be of great benefit to those in business and owning property in the present business portion of town. Town incorporation seems to be in the dim and dizzy future and we should not wait for it before making these needed improvements. The old creek bed will soon be highly aromatic and tend to breed disease at the West End. Property owners along Front street should take steps to have it filled at once. Let us be up and doing; we will do our share towards cutting out and grading the roads and fill in our proportion of the creek bed. Let us wake up and make our town presentable. Nature did enough when she made a townsite as beautiful as this. Of course she could have done more and graded our streets and filled in the old creek beds and sloughs in our town but she wisely and kindly left something for us to do, and we should be up and at it.

Treasurers Notice.

The Treasurer of Clallam Co. W. T. will pay on presentation at his office in New Dungeness W. T. all amount drawn on the Treasury of said county, prior to and including no 20 issued Nov. 9th, 1888.

No interest will be allowed after this date.

W. L. CHURCH JR.
County Treasurer.
Office of Treasurer Clallam Co. New Dungeness W. T. March 20th, 1889.
4 12

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, W. T., March 11, 1889.

...given that the follow- ...has filed notice of his ...final proof in support ...that said proof will be ...Clerk Probate ...W. T., on Tues- ...Warren R. Dodge ...W 1-4 NE 1-4 ...SW 1-4 Sec. 21 ...James the follow- ...his continuous ...cultivation of, said ...Wm Klaunig, James ...Chitwood all of ...Any person who ...the allowance ...of any sub- ...and the ...

GROCERIES, HARDWARE, TOOLS AND NOTIONS.

at very low rates for thirty days to make room for an entire new stock.

FRANK McGILL,
PORT ANGELES, - - - - W. T.

L. H. SMITH

Manufacturer of Tin and Sheet Iron ware.

Rancher's Staves a Specialty.

PORT ANGELES, - - - - W. T.

MRS. J. H. YOUNG

DEALER IN

Millinery & LADIES' Furnishing Goods.

Everything new and first-class.
Morse's Block, opp. Tourist's hotel.
PORT ANGELES, - - - - W. T.

McInnis & Church

Real Estate Agents.

Property bought and sold and everything done in the Real Estate business at reasonable rates.

COMPLETE ABSTRACTS

furnished to any property in Clallam County, W. T. All communications in relation to Real Estate promptly attended to.

Port Angeles, W. T

Watchmaker & Jeweler!

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and Spectacles for sale at lowest prices.

A specialty to fit Spectacles to the

EYE.

Repairs of all kinds carefully done at lowest prices. All work warranted.
Call on or Address: L. WILLIAMS, Jeweler,
Front Street, West End, Port Angeles

BABCOCK & KELLY,

Blacksmithing and Wagon Repairing.

SPECIALTIES:

Horse Shoeing, Sign Writing.

Front, near Lincoln Street, Port Angeles, W. T.

THIS SPACE RESERVED for the Port Angeles Mattress Mfg. Co.

GOOD BOOKS BY HENRY GEORGE

Progress and Poverty- paper - - - - $ .35
Protection and Free Trade—paper - - - .35
Social Problems—paper - - - - - .35
Social Problems—cloth - - - - 1.00

For sale at this office or sent by mail on receipt of price.

ALSO "THE STANDARD"

HENRY GEORGE paper; Price $2.50 per year furnished with the COMMONWEALTH for $3.00.

Henry George is the foremost political economist of the age. His writings should be read by every one who cares to think rightly upon this great question.

BOOTS AND SHOES

are now made to order at the

Jenny Boot and Shoe Shop,

East End, Port Angeles.

All work guaranteed and Prices are very reasonable.

JULIUS E. KRUGER, Manager

COLONY NURSERIES

Greenhouse and Nursery stock of all kinds for sale.

Cash or wage credits taken as readily

Address:

...sting of ...and a ...winter's ...upon their ...st charitable ...ch to give, as- ...spatch, came with ... During the day the ...for work while the children ...the semblance of household stuff or tools turns in begging. The women could not find work and the children's pennies were few. "Along about Thursday," the account says, "the matter came to the ears of the Provident association, and the wagon was sent around there with a bushel or two of coal, which was dumped out on the ground in front of the old cooking stove."

Do you see this picture of the practical workings of an organized charity?

Two women six children, sleeping out of doors since Tuesday. "Along about Thursday" the Provident association examines into the case. It is fair to presume that the "applicants" were found to be "worthy," and so the machinery is put in motion, and organized charity proceeds to relieve. The proper "requisition" is made out and the "stub" is filled in, the "order" is issued, and the proper entries are made in the proper books, and as a result "the wagon is sent round and dumps a bushel or two of coal on the ground in front of the old cooking stove." The driver gathers up the reins and away goes the wagon. On returning to the office the proper entries are again made, and organized charity, having done its duty, looks about to find other deeds of kindness.

This is not an attack on the Provident association. This is not a sneer at the kindly people who paid for that coal. What was done in this case is just what organized charity *must* do in such cases, neither more nor less; but when love can be "organized" and fulfill its mission, charity can be organized and give relief, and not before. The report in the *Post-Dispatch* says that "both the women were of good character and hard working when work could be found." Well, why did they not find work? Did they not live in America, "where labor is well paid and occupies a dignified position in marked contrast with the pauper laborers of Europe?" What about those comparative tables of wages? Is not the protective tariff in force for the benefit of American laborers? Did not these women bask under its benign influence?

Remember, all this happened at Twenty-first and Cass avenue, in St. Louis, Missouri; not in Ireland, or Italy, or Russia. Have you read a more pitiful tale describing suffering in any other country recently?

Think a moment and see what is suggested by this incident. Where, for instance, is the differences between this poverty and the poverty of London, Naples or Moscow? What is there to show that old world poverty has a different source than St. Louis poverty?

Poverty in free trade England and poverty in protected Italy. Imperial London has her reeking East End, and republican St. Louis her slums—in what respect do they differ, taking into account London's millions with our less than half a million of population. Catholic Ireland and Protestant America show each their meed of of misery, and poverty cannot logically be charged against any nation or people as arising from any of these causes.

And yet people go organizing charities which cannot relieve and pauperizing cancers which can only be cured by the knife.

Count Tolstoi was in the right when he said that "we were willing to help the poor in every way except by getting off their backs and letting them help themselves."

As people starve in London, Naples and Moscow because opportunities to labor are denied them, so these in St. Louis shivered and starved because they could not find work.

The single tax is the remedy for the relief of God's poor everywhere. It drives the dogs out of the mangers and forbids the first comers at the table to occupy all the chairs. It relieves labor of restrictions and gives freedom.

The single tax wagon dumps no bushel or two of coal to shivering women sleeping in the street—it makes it possible for those women to get their share of coal and all else needful by their own exertions. It takes the weight of restricted opportunity from their shoulders; it gives them a chance to help themselves.—HAMLIN RUSSELL, in the Standard.

A Warning.

The following extract from the Chicago *Sentinel*, contains food for serious reflection for every American farmer. Read and be wise:

But open your eyes and look around you!

What are the signs of the times?

Is it well with the republic?

Only yesterday there were strikes and riots!

Only yesterday there were misery and desolation and want. Stout men went begging for bread, and women and children starved to death.

Crime, insanity, murder and suicide are still rampant.

Enormous fortunes are made in a day. Debt and usury prevail!

Taxes are always burdensome and still increasing!

The rich are building themselves palaces and the poor are dwelling in hovels.

A few men are getting control of the vast machinery of commerce!

Public officials are growing more and more dishonest!

Class legislation characterizes our statute books!

A line of demarkation is already distinctly drawn between the rich and the poor!

"Strong governments" and "standing armies" are hinted at, and discontent and revolution are threatened!

Consider well these things.

Ask yourself, is there no duty to perform, no work to accomplish?

Ask yourself, if some future historian may not possibly be describing the downfall of the American Republic.

Real Estate Notes.

When land is free then man may hold the strings that latch his purse. So long as vampires of land remain your shekels will flow to their coffers like little streams go to swell the mighty river.

With land on the auction block men become slaves to the vendor.

To monopolize land is to hold man's heritage beyond his grasp.

When grasping greed shall swallow in its vortex nature's bosom, the source of all succor of mankind, the men will be as pigmies to their giant masters' will; their destinies shaped and their lives moulded in the narrow cells of despotism.

To hold land from the use of man is to entomb him in the narrow chasm of slavery.

Give the laborer but land enough whereon to build his hut, and you make him a prince compared with his present thraldom.—Geo. A. Sherman in Denver Arbitrator.

The protected coal companies of the Sound propose to cut down the wages of their unprotected miners 15 per cent., and next winter they may be expected to advance the price of the protected product, say 50 per cent., on the unprotected consumers. Verily it is a poor rule that don't work both ways with ...

...uary 23rd, 1889.

...is hereby given that in compli- ...ance with the provisions of the act of Congress, of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," C. E. Olcott, of Tacoma, County of Pierce, Territory of Washington, has this day filed in this office his sworn Statement No. 3995, for the purchase of the S ½ SW ¼; SW ¼ SE ¼ and Lot 3 of Sec. No. 20, in Tp. No. 30 N, R No. 8 W, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Seattle, W. T., on Saturday, the 15th day of February, 1890. He names as witnesses: H. Halland, of Tacoma, W. T., T. H. Brown, of Tacoma, W. T., T. A. McDonald, of Port Angeles, W. T., and Richard Martin, of Port Angeles, W. T. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 15th day of February, 1890.

JNO. B. BAIRD, Register.
2 19 to 4 5 9

NOTICE.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, W. T., February 5th, 1889.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," Frederick Goetz of Puyallup, County of Pierce, Territory of Washington has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 4122, for the purchase of the N ½ SW ¼ and N ½ SE ¼ of Sec. No. 32, in Tp. No. 30 N, R. No. 6 W., and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Seattle, W. T., on Friday the 25th day of April, 1890. He names as witnesses: John Bell, G. E. Fend, Wm. Gray and L. Henderson all of Port Angeles, W. T. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 25th day of April, 1890.

JNO. B. BAIRD, Register.
2 15 to 4 19 9

NOTICE.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, W. T., February 5, 1889.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled, "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," John S. Hayes of Yelm, County of Thurston, Territory of Washington has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 4118 for the purchase of the NW ¼ of Sec. No. 32 in Tp. No. 30 N, R No. 6 W, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Seattle, W. T., on Wednesday the 23rd day of April, 1890. He names as witnesses: L. DeMolliter, C. De Molliter, P. Garvent, and J. T. Wills. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 23rd day of April, 1890.

JNO. B. BAIRD, Register.
1 15 to 4 19 9

NOTICE.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, W. T., January 8th, 1889.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," David Robinson of Tacoma, County of Pierce, Territory of Washington has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 3896, for the purchase of the lot 3, 40 E ½ SW ¼ Sec. No. 7, in Tp. No. 30 N., R. No. 7 W., and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Seattle, W. T., on Saturday the 21 day of December, 1889. He names as witnesses: J. A. Cosner, C. H. Beers, J. L. Cooks and W. H. Hanson all of Tacoma, W. T. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 21 day of December, 1889.

JNO. B. BAIRD, Register.
2 19 to 4 5 9

NOTICE.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, W. T., January 18, 1889.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress, of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," John E. Parkhurst of Fox Island, County of Pierce, Territory of Washington has this day filed in this office his sworn Statement No. 3962, for the purchase of the NW ¼ of Sec. No. 34, in Tp. No. 30 N, R No. 6 W and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Seattle, W. T., on Wednesday the 29th day of January, 1890. He names as witnesses: John Fitzgerald, Chas. Everhart, G. Hays, and James K. Ruth all of Tacoma, W. T. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 29th day of January, 1890.

JNO. B. BAIRD, Register.

NOTICE.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, W. T., January 31, 1889.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," John D. Dalton of Seattle, County of King, Territory of Washington has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 4974, for the purchase of the SW ¼ of Sec. No. 2, in Twp. No. 31 N, R No. 12 W, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Seattle, W. T., on Saturday the 29th day of March, 1890. He names as witnesses: F. W. Pow... Charles B. Smith, F. H. Clark an... dan all of Seattle, W. T. Ap... ...ersons claiming ad- ...vers... ...cribed lands are re- ...qu... ...laims in this office ...on... ...day of March, 1889. ...ARD, Register.

JAMES CAMPBELL,

—JOBBER AND RETAILER IN—

Hardware, Iron, Steel,

Ship Chandlery, Mechanic's Tools,

WAGONS, MOWERS, REAPERS, PLOWS, ETC.

SEATTLE, - - WASH. TER.

LUMBER, DRESSED OR ROUGH,

FOR SALE AT THE

COLONY MILL.

A good supply of Shingles and Laths always on hand. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

Address:

PUGET SOUND CO-OPERATIVE COLONY,

Port Angeles, Washington Territory.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE W. T. March 29, 1889.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Judge or clerk District Court at Port Townsend W. T., on Wednesday May 22, 1889, viz: Albert Relmstrom pre. No. 12388 for the lot 4 Sec. 30 and lot 1 Sec. 31 twp 31 N R 8 W. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: Hans. H. Lyso, Claus. S. Kavdal, Herman Molial and Orevine Larson all of Crescent Bay, W. T. Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of such proof, or who knows of any substantial reason, under the law and the regulations of the Interior Department, why such proof should not be allowed, will be given an opportunity at the above mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

5 17 JNO. B. BAIRD, Register.

SCOTT'S EMULSION

OF PURE COD LIVER OIL AND HYPOPHOSPHITES

Almost as Palatable as Milk

So disguised that it can be taken, digested, and assimilated by the most sensitive stomach, when the plain oil cannot be tolerated; and by the combination of the oil with the hypophosphites is much more efficacious.

Remarkable as a flesh producer.

Persons gain rapidly while taking it.

SCOTT'S EMULSION is acknowledged by Physicians to be the Finest and Best preparation in the world for the relief and cure of

CONSUMPTION, SCROFULA, GENERAL DEBILITY, WASTING DISEASES, EMACIATION, COLDS and CHRONIC COUGHS.

The great remedy for Consumptian, and Wasting in Children. Sold by all Druggists.

PHILADELPHIA SALOON

J. F. MEAGHER, Proprietor.

Choicest Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

Front Street, Port Angeles.

DR. W. W. MCGEORGE,

Physician and Surgeon,

Having located at Port Angeles, I respectfully solicit a share of the public patronage.
OFFICE—East End, Port Angeles, W. T.

GRAY and CHITWOOD,

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Our Stock Consists of

GROCERIES,
DRY GOODS,
HARD WARE,
WOODEN WARE.

Orders Promptly filled and Satisfaction Guaranteed.

Front Street, Port Angeles, W. T.

JOB - PRINTING:

Letter Heads,
Note Heads,
Bill Heads.
Business Cards,
Shipping Tags,
Legal Blanks, &c.

GOOD WORK GUARANTEED

Address,

NOTICE.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, W. T., January 23, 1889.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress, of June 3, 1878, entitled, "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," E. F. Rotsheck of Port Angeles, County of Clallam, Territory of Washington, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 3997 for the purchase of the Lot 1 N ½ NE ¼ and SW ¼ NE ¼ of Sec. No. 20, in Tp. No. 30 N, R No. 8W and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Seattle, W. T., on Monday the 17th day of Feb. 1890. He names as witnesses: H. Halland and T. H. Brown of Tacoma W. T., and T. A. McDonald and Richard Martin of Port Angeles W. T. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 17th day of Feb. 1890.

JNO. B. BAIRD, Register.
3 1 to 5 9 9

NOTICE.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, W. T., February 14, 1889.

Notice is hereby given that in ...ance with the provisions of ...Congress of June 3, 1878, en... act for the sale of timber lands ...States of California, Oregon, Nev... Washington Territory," M. M. ... Seattle, County of King, Terr... Washington has this day filed ... office his sworn statement No. ... the purchase of the lot 2, 3, and ... of NE ¼ of section No. 3, in twp ... N, R No. 12 W, and will offer p... show that the land sought is mor... able for its timber or stone than fo... cultural purposes and to establis... claim to said land before the Reg... and Receiver of this office at Seattle... T., on Friday the 6th day of June, 1890. He names as witnesses: J. D. Dalton, F. H. Clark, Albert A. Sargent and C. A. Schopeke all of Seattle, W. T. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 6th day of June, 1890.

JNO. B. BAIRD, Register.

NOTICE.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, W. T., January 31st, 1889.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," H. E. Henderson of Seattle, County of King, Territory of Washington has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 4075, for the purchase of the SE ¼ of Sec. No. 15, in Twp. No. 31 N, R No. 12 W, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Seattle, W. T., on Saturday the 29th day of March, 1890. He names as witnesses: J. H. Harlan, T. W. Power, F. H. Clark and J. D. Dalton all of Seattle, W. T. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 29th day of March, 1890.

JNO. B. BAIRD, Register.
2 22 to 4 26

NOTICE.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, W. T., January 11, 1889.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," Mabel Stuart of Seattle, County of King, Territory of Washington has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 3921, for the purchase of the SW ¼ NE ¼ S ½ NW ¼ NW ¼ SW ¼ of section No. 15, in twp. No. 31 N, R No. 11 W, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Seattle, W. T., on Wednesday 8th day of January, 1890. He names as witnesses: Jacob Panline, Fred Brockway, Keats Montrose all of Pysht, W. T. and C. W. Snow of Seattle, W. T. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described land are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 8th day of January, 1890.

JNO. B. BAIRD, Register.
3 8 to 5 10.

I CURE FITS!

When I say CURE I do not mean ... stop them for a time, and then ... return again. I MEAN A RADIC... I have made the disease of

FITS, EPILEPSY ... FALLING SICK...

A life-long study. I WARRANT m... CURE the worst cases. Because o... failed is no reason for not now re... cure. Send at once for a treatise an... BOTTLE OF ... INFALLIBLE REMEDY ... Express ...

THE PUGET SOUND

Co-Operative - Colony,

(INCORPORATED UNDER THE LAWS OF WASHINGTON TERRITORY, MAY 10, 1887.)

OFFICERS:

Herman Culver, - - - - - President
Robt. Shields, - - - - Vice President
Thos. Malony, - - - - Secretary
Geo. F. Haines, - - - - Treasurer

BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

Herman Culver, Robt. Shields, Geo. F. Haines, J. D. Stewart, Henry Westphal, John C. Coolidge, — Chairman and General Manager. Thos. Malony, Fred R. Thompson. J. W. Stewart, Winfield Dean, Adolph Anderson.

GENERAL CORRESPONDENCE—Address general correspondence to Thos. Malony, Secretary, Port Angeles, W. T.

REMITTANCES—Remit money, with an accurate statement showing to whom and on what account it is to be credited, by draft, express, or registered mail, to George F. Haines, Treasurer, Port Angeles, W. T.

ACCOUNTS—Duplicate statements of remittances to the Treasurer, and all communications concerning accounts, should be sent to Thos. Malony, Port Angeles, W. T.

On Oct. 19th, 1888, this paper was leased by the present management from the Puget Sound Co.-Operative Colony. A certain amount of space is reserved for their use in each issue. We are not responsible for any matter appearing over the signature of the Secretary of said Colony; nor is the Colony Company responsible for matter appearing elsewhere in said paper.

LEWIS & MASTICK. Publishers.

SECRETARY'S CORNER.

The Secretary's Corner will be a permanent institution hereafter. We will gladly reply to any inquiry sent us. Make them short and to the point. Remember there are from 500 to 1500 who have their eyes upon these pages each week and each one may want to be heard.

To Correspondents.

Write as often as you feel inclined, but be sure to have your inquires in short sentences. If you desire your letters published, write upon one side of the sheet only. We will reply to any inquiry whether connected with the Colony or not. If a personal letter is wanted, inclose stamp to cover postage.

more lots are left on the famous farm. They range from $20 e.

d well on the McKenley lot A new one now being

endeavering have ers in Block 16 ade he hill and build a strong ed or the creek that cuts the that block. His proposition is one and will no doubt be favorably ed.

B. and Co. will soon begin the facture of brick on the Colony This time there will be no slip matter. Port Angeles will have ortunity to purchase brick of her nufacture before 90 days hence.

hooner will be launched be- nth shall have passed. the citizens of this fect arrangements nies on the day of building of this rise, her owners e Angeles—a ers have an interest. would be the proper r such an occasion. It niversary of the incorpor- ny, and whether we wish t, yet it is an undeni- the rapid developement of this county is largely ny.

that the citizens of this will not be so foolish as s proposed in the call of pt., at the meeting to be Saturday. The District is ut when it was larger, it sible to procure the funds purchase a site and erect a ng. Now that we are good building and largely of the present assessable in the limits of the District, uld be done to defeat the s. Negotiations for the sale otes have been pending for and just about the time the ard had the arrangements all ed, this proposition to di de the t which carries with it the divi- f the District funds, including the l tax, was brought forward. If the ct is divided as proposed the effect e that the school building will be ed, and perhaps the District notes d, thus crippling the work of the tors procuring the necessary funds. uch better to have one good Dis- with a good building and good ers, than to have a dozen districts neither. Every citizen who wishes ve good schools and good buildings attend the meeting and vote against proposed division. Be on hand at clock A. M.

To Colonists.

ot exceeding three lots may now be chased on the installment plan, in er of the Colony's Additions. The ments are cash—at least $5.00—and east the same amount monthly here- . Deferred payments drawing in- t at the rate of 10 per cent. per nm.

FOR SALE AT AUCTION!

n Saturday, April 6th, at 7 p. m. p.

The colony cows will be sold at auction the one bidding highest above their praised value. Terms—Cash, wage edits or an approved note running not exceed six months, at ten per cent per nnum interest.

PORT ANGELES, Mch. 28, 1889.

To whom it may concern:

Take notice that the School Board of trict No. 1, Clallam County, W. T., ll make an application before the Coun- mmissioners of Clallam County, W. their next session for the vacation lley adjoining on lots 1 to 6 and 13 ock 28 of N. R. Smith's sits of Port An- ord have bar- rty and design

CALENDAR

THE PIONEER

Furniture, Undertaking and Sash and Door Warerooms, &c.

The undersigned would respectfully announce to the public that they are prepared to furnish anything in the above line at reasonable rates. Repairing a specialty. Call on or address:

J. M. MARTIN,
RICH'D. EACKETT.

Front Street, Port Angeles, W. T.

ATTENTION!!!

LOT OWNERS.

Having just received a Stump Machine from the East, the undersigned is prepared to contract for the removal of stumps and trees from land in and near Port Angeles.

LOTS CLEARED AND STUMPED AT REASONABLE RATES.

For Further Particulars, Call on or Address:

M. GERAGHTY,

PORT ANGELES, W. T.

PORT ANGELES BAKERY.

Fresh Bread Every Day.

GEO. F. HAINES, Manager.

Port Angeles, W. T.

NOTICE.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, W. T., December 12th, 1888.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of Cali[illegible], Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," Dana M. Woon of Seattle, County of King, Territory of Washington has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 3749, for the purchase of the E ½ SE ¼ SW ¼ SE ¼ and SE ¼ SW ¼ Sec. No. 6, in Tp. 31 N R. No. 12 W., and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Seattle, W. T., on Friday the 5th day of September, 1889. He names as witnesses: Keath Johnston of Puyallup, W. T. and P. Montross and Fred Brockway of Pysht, W. T.; C. McDougald of Shelton, W. T.; Jacob Shafer of Pysht, W. T. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before [illegible] September, 1889.

JNO. B. BAIRD, Register.

3 8 to 5 10

NOTICE.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, W. T., December 14, 1888.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled, 'An act for the sale of timber lands in the states of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," William Plummer of Edmunds, County of Snohomish, Territory of Washington has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 3755, for the purchase of the S ½ NW ¼ section 14 and SE ¼ NE ¼ and NE ¼ SE ¼ of section No. 15, in twp. No. 31 N, R No. 12 W, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Seattle, W. T., on Tuesday the 1st day of October, 1889. He names as witnesses: Keats Montrose and Jacob Shafer of Pysht, W. T., Ed Snow of Seattle, W. T. and George Bartlett of Edmunds, W. T. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 1st day of October, 1889.

JNO. B. BAIRD, Register.

3 8 to 5 10

NOTICE.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, W. T., February 20, 1889.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," Cora L. Donnelly of Sackenaw, County of Kitsap, Territory of Washington has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 4242, for the purchase of the lots 1, 2, 3 and 4 of section No. 31, in twp. No. 30 N, R No. 6 W, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Seattle, W. T., on Tuesday the 24th day of June, 1890. He names as witnesses: J. A. Johnson, R. H. Reberge Michael J. Cunningham and Edward Silcox all of Tacoma, County of Pierce, W. T. Any and all perions claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 24th day of June, 1890.

JNO. B. BAIRD, Register.

3 8 to 5 10.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, W. T., February 18th, 1889.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Judge of Probate Court at Port Angeles, W. T., on April 15th, 1889, viz: Dora Hall D. S. No. 11923 for the NE ¼ SE ¼ section 3, twp 30 N, R 7 W. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: J. C. Davis, P. A. Meagher, Axel Forsbey and L. A. Mason all of Port Angeles, W. T. Any peron who desires to protest against the allowance of such proof, or who knows of substantial reason, under the law and regulations of the Interior Department, why such proof should not be allowed, will be given an opportunity at the above mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

JNO. B. BAIRD, Register.

NOTICE.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, W. T., January 7th, 1889.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress, of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Wash. Terr.," Eugene Felton, of Tacoma, County of Pierce, Territory of Washington, has this day filed in this office his sworn Statement No. 3887, for the purchase of the SE ¼ of Sec. No. 20, in Tp. No. 30 N., R. No. 7 W., and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes and to establish his claim before the Register and Receiver of this office at Seattle, W. T., on Tuesday, the 17th day of December, 1889. He names as witnesses: E. R. Marcum, F. T. Taylor, J. M. Ferris, and Ole Peterson, all of Tacoma, W. T. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 17th day of December, 1889.

JNO. B. BAIRD, Register.

2 1 9 to 4 5 9

NOTICE.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, W. T., January 10, 1889.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," John G. Ebinger of Tacoma, County of Pierce, Territory of Washington has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 3909, for the purchase of the S ½ NE ¼ and S ½ NW ¼ of Sec. No. 29, in Tp. No. 30 N, R No. 6 W, and will offer proof to show that the lnd sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Seattle, W. T., on Tuesday the 1st day of Dec., 1889. He names as witnesses: E. R. Marcum, F. T. Taylor, J. M Ferris and Ole Peterson all of Tacoma W. T. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 31st day of Dec., 1889.

JNO. B. BAIRD, Register.

2 1 9 to 4 5 9

NOTICE.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, W. T., January 10th, 1889.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," S. D. Hubbard of Tacoma, County of Pierce, Territory of Washington has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 3912, for the purchase of the SW ¼ of Sec. No. 28, in Tp. No. 30 N, R No. 6 W, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Seattle, W. T., on Thursday the 2nd day of January, 1890. He names as witnesses: O. S. Toffling of Tacoma, W. T.; S. K. McGee of Tacoma, W. T.; Jas. McGraw of Tacoma, W. T. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 2nd day of January, 1890.

JNO. B. BAIRD, Register.

2 1 9 to 4 5 9

NOTICE.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, W. T., January 23rd, 1889.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress, of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," P. H. Gano, of Tacoma, County of Pierce, Territory of Washington, has this day filed in this office his sworn Statement No. 3996, for the purchase of the Lot 2, NW ¼, SE ¼ and N ½, SW ¼, of Sec. No. 20, in Tp. No. 30 N., R. No. 8 W., and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes and to establish his claim before the Register and Receiver of this office at Seattle W. T., on Monday, the 17th day of February, 1890. He names as witnesses: H. Halland, of Tacoma, W. T., T. H. Brown, of Tacoma, W. T., T. A. McDonald, of Port Angeles, W. T., and Richard Martin, of Port Angeles, W. T. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 17th day of February, 1890.

JNO. B. BAIRD, Register.

2 1 9 to 4 5 9

NOTICE.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, W. T., January 7th, 1889.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress, of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," Frank Carlyle of Tacoma, County of Pierce, Territory of Washington has this day filed in this office his sworn Statement No. 3873, for the purchase of the SE ¼ of Sec. No. 23 in Tp. No. 30 N, R No. 7 W and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Seattle, W. T., on Monday the 9th day of Dec. 1889. He names as witnesses: Thos. Grady, E. S. King, A. Brooks and Jno. S. Powell all of Seattle, W. T. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 9th day of Dec., 1889.

JNO. B. BAIRD, Register.

2 1 9 to 4 5 9

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, W. T., March 6th, 1889.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver at Seattle W. T., on Wednesday, June 5th, 1889. viz: James Heard H. E. No. 8735 for the S ½ NW ¼ SW ¼ NE ¼ and NE ¼ SW ¼ Sec. 14, Tp. 30 N, R. 6 W. He names as witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: Ben Chambers, Frank Chambers, Owen McLane, Samuel Morse and Ralph Chambers all of Port Angeles, W. T. Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of such proof, or who knows of any substantial reason, under the law and regulations of the Interior Department, why such proof should not be allowed, will be given an opportunity at the above mentioned place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

JNO. B. BAIRD, Register.

3 15 to 4 26

NOTICE.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, W. T., February 5th, 1889.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," Otto A. Schanz of Olalla, County of Kitsap, Territory of Washington has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 4116, for the purchase of the NE ¼ of Sec. No. 34, in Tp. No. 30 N, R. No. 6 W., and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Seattle, W. T., on Tuesday the 22nd day of April, 1890. He names as witnesses: Wm. Gray, L. Henderson, John Bell and G. E. Fend all of Port Angeles, W. T. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-decribed lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 22nd day of April, 1890.

JNO. B. BAIRD, Register.

1 15 to 4 19 9

NOTICE.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, W. T., February 5, 1889.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," Joseph Bechardt of Seattle, County of King, Territory of Washington has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 4123, for the purchase of the SE ¼ SE ¼ Sec. 26 E ½ NE ¼ and SW ¼ NE ¼ of Sec. No. 35, in Tp. No. 30 N, R No. 6 W, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver at Seattle, W. T., on Friday the 25th day of April, 1890. He names as witnesses: L. Henderson, Wm. Gray, John Bell and G. E Fend all of Port Angeles, W. T. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 25th day of April, 1890.

JNO. B. BAIRD, Register.

2 15 to 4 19 9.

NOTICE.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, W. T., January 7th, 1889.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress, of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," Wm. Bonney of Seattle, County of King, Territory of Washington has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 3882, for the purchase of the NW ¼ of Sec. No. 21, in Tp. 30 N, R No 7 W, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Seattle, W. T., on Friday the 13th day of Dec., 1889. He names as witnesses: Chas. Peters of Port Angeles, W. T.; J. A. McDonald of Port Angeles, W. T.; Peter Wilcox of Enumclaw, W. T.; Robt. Christie of Whatcom, W. T. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 13th day Dec., 1889.

JNO. B. BAIRD, Register.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, W. T., Feb. 7th, 1889.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the District Court at Port Townsend W. T., on Wednesday May 1st, 1889, viz: John J. Leadbeatter for the NW ¼ of NE ¼ and E ½ of NW ¼ Sec. 6 Tp. 30 N. R. 7 W. and SE¼ of SW ¼ Sec. 31. Tp. 31. N. R. 7 W. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: Gus. Colman, Chas. Williams, Frank Robinson and J. W. Everett all of Crescent Bay, Clallam Co. W. T. Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of such proof, or who knows of any substantial reason, under the law and the regulations of the Interior Department, why such proof should not be allowed, will be given an opportunity at the above mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

JNO. B. BAIRD, Register.

3 22 to 5 3

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, W. T., February 13th, 1889.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Clerk of the Probate Court at Port Angeles, on Wednesday, April 10, 1889, viz: Gustav. O. Soderstran Pre. D. S. 10555 for the lot 1; E ½ of SE ¼ and SW ¼ of SE ¼ of sec. 31 Tp 31 N, R 7 W. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: Charles Oberg, John J. Leadbetter, John W. Everett and Frank Robinson all of Crescent Bay, W. T. Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of such proof, or who knows of any substantial reason, under the law and regulations of the Interior Department, why such proof should not be allowed, will be given an opportunity at the above mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnessss of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

JNO. B. BAIRD, Register.

2 22 to 3 29.

NOTICE.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, W. T., January 31, 1889.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled, "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," Charles B. Smith of Seattle, County of King, Territory of Washington has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 4070, for the purchase of the SE ¼ of Sec. No. 2, in Twp. No 31 N, R No. 12 W, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Seattle, W. T., on Thursday the 27th day of March, 1890. He names as witnesses: H. E. Henderson, J. D. Dalton, H. E. Henderson and Fred Power all of Seattle, W. T. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 27th day of March, 1890.

JNO. B. BAIRD, Register.

NOTICE.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, W. T., January 31st, 1889.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," J. S. Harlan, of Seattle, County of King, Territory of Washington, has this day filed in this office his sworn Statement No. 4073, for the purchase of the NE ¼ of Sec. No. 15, in Tp No 31 N, R No. 12 W, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Seattle, W. T., on Saturday, the 29th day of March, 1890. He names as witnesses: H. E. Henderson, J. D. Dalton, F. H. Clark, F. W. Power, all of Seattle, W. T. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 29th day of March, 1890.

JNO. B. BAIRD, Register.

NOTICE.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, W. T., February 1, 1889.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," H. F. Jones of Seattle, County of King, Territory of Washington has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 4078, for the purchase of the SW ¼ of Sec. No. 1, in Tp. 31 R. No. 12 W and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Seattle W. T., on Tuesday the 1st day of April, 1890. He names as witnesses: H. E. Henderson, F. H. Clarke, J. D. Harlan F. W. Power of Seattle W. T. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their clams in this office on or before said 1st day of April, 1890.

JNO. B. BAIRD, Register.

2 22 to 4 26

NOTICE.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, W. T., January 31, 18[illegible]

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," F. W. Power of Seattle, County of King, Territory of Washington has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 4074, for the purchase of the NE ¼ of Sec. No. 22 in Tp No. 31 N, R No. 12 W, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Seattle W. T., on Tuesday the 1st day of April, 1890. He names as witnesses: H. E. Henderson, F. H. Clarke, J. D. Harlan F. W. Power of Seattle W. T. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 1st day of April, 1890.

JNO. B. BAIRD, Register.

2 22 to 4 26

NOTICE.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, W. T., January 31, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled, "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," F. H. Clark of Seattle, County of King, Territory of Washington has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 4069, for the purchase of the NE ¼ of Sec. No. 11, in Tp. No. 31, R No. 12 W, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land, before the Register and Receiver of this office at Seattle W. T., on Thursday the 27th day of March, 1890. He names as witnesses: H. E. Henderson, J. S. Harlan, F. W. Power, and J. D. Dalton, all of Seattle W. T. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 27th day of March 1890.

JNO. B. BAIRD, Register.

2 22 to 4 26

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, W. T., January, 14th, 1889

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Judge or Clerk Probate Court at Port Angeles W. T., on Thursday May 2nd 1889, viz: Benjamin Chambers, Hd. No. 8457 for the NW ¼ SW ¼ Sec. 14 E ½ SE ¼ Sec 15 and NE 1-4 NE 1-4 Sec 22 Tp 30 N R 6 W. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: John F. Church, Chas. A. Morse, James Meagher and B. B. Meagher all of Port Angeles W. T. Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of such proof, or who knows of any substantial reason, under the law and the regulations of the Interior Department, why such proof should not be allowed, will be given an opportunity at the above mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

JOHN B. BAIRD, Register.

3-22-9 to 5-3-9

NOTICE.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, W. T., January, 7th, 1889.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress, of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," Wm. Johnson of Tacoma County of Pierce, Territory of Washington has this day filed in this office his sworn Statement No. 3885, for the purchase of the NE ¼ of Sec. No. 20, in Tp. No. 30 N, R No. 7 W and, will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Seattle W. T., on Monday the 16th day of Dec. 1889. He names as witnessess: E. R. Marcum. F. T. Taylor, J. M. Ferris, Ole Peterson, all of Tacoma, W. T. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 16th day of Dec. 1889.

JNO. B. BAIRD, Register.

2 1 9 to 4 5 9

NOTICE.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, W. T., January 7th, 1889.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress, of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," W. Bronson, of Aberdeen, County of Che[illegible] Territory of Washington, has this da[illegible] this office his sworn Statement N[illegible] purchas[illegible] NE ¼ of S[illegible]

LD

Real Esta[illegible]

We have on our h[illegible]

Town and S[illegible]

Property; Improved and

FARM, GRAZING, FRUIT [illegible]

Notary Work, Conveya[illegible]

Business pro[illegible]

Office, C[illegible]

PORT AN[illegible]

N[illegible]

Norma[illegible]

The ne[illegible] to m[illegible]

POR[illegible]

GENERAL MER[illegible]

Farm Produce of all [illegible]

Bought and Sold.

COUNTRY ORDERS SOLICITED.

Corner LAUREL and FRONT Sts.

Port Angeles, W. T.

A. GOLDWATER

MERCHANT TAILOR.

Suits, Over Coats, Pants, Shirts, Etc.

Made to Order.

Good work and low prices a Specia[illegible] Call and examine my stock. Par[illegible]lar attention given to outside or[illegible]

Address, A. GOLDW[illegible]

Cor. Front and Lin[illegible]

Port Ange[illegible]

DR. G[illegible]

Physici[illegible]

POR[illegible]

Can be c[illegible]chie, Mor[illegible] hours of 1[illegible] and at all [illegible] All orde[illegible] residence [illegible] Special

C[illegible]

WATC[illegible]

repairing

Boarders [illegible] or mont[illegible] Patronage

C. W. BREWSTER,

Cor. Laurel and Fron[illegible] Wharf. Port A[illegible]

"A DOLLAR SAV[illegible]

If you be[illegible]

F[illegible]

and [illegible]

Fo[illegible]all Maps [illegible]

PORT ANGEL[illegible]

Townsite and [illegible]

NOTICE.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, W. T.
February 5th, 1889.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," Wm. McNeill of Puyallup, County of Pierce, Territory of Washington has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 4119, for the purchase of the N ½ S ½ of Sec. No. 33, in Tp. No. 30 N. R. No. 6 W., and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Seattle, W. T., on Wednesday the 23rd day of April, 1890. He names as witnesses: Wm. Gray, L. Henderson, John Bell and G. E. Fend all of Port Angeles, W. T. Any and all persons claiming adversly the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 23rd day of April, 1890.

JNO. B. BAIRD, Register.

1 15 to 4 19 9

NOTICE.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, W. T.,
January 31, 1889.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled, "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," Horace A. Kellogg of Port Angeles, County of Clallam, Territory of Washington has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 4061, for the purchase of the NW ¼ of Sec. No. 35, in Tp. No. 30 N, R No. 6 W and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Seattle, W. T., on Saturday the 22nd day of March 1890. He names as witnesses: C. P. Crawford, O. B. Jordon, L. Henderson and Louis Cohn all of Port Angeles, W. T. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 22nd day of March, 1890.

JNO. B. BAIRD, Register.

2 15 to 4 19 9.

NOTICE.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, W. T.,
January 30, 1889.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled, "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," James D. Miller of Osceola, County of Snohomish, Territory of Washington has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 3959, for the purchase of the SE ¼ of Sec. No. [illegible] Tp. No. 30 N, R No. 6 W and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Seattle W. T., on Friday the 2[illegible] day of March 1890. He names as witnesses: L. Henderson, Port Angeles, [illegible] and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said [illegible] March, 1890.

[illegible], Register.

NOTICE.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, W. T.,
February 5, 1889.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," Peter Rank of Orting, County of Pierce, Territory of Washington has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 4117, for the purchase of the NW ¼ of Sec. No. 33, in Tp. No. 30 N, R No. 6 W, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Seattle, W. T., on Wednesday the 23rd day of April, 1890. He names as witnesses: Wm. Gray, L. Henderson, John Bell and G. E. Fend all of Port Angeles, W. T. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 23rd day of April, 1890.

JNO. B. BAIRD, Register.

2 15 to 4 19 9.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, W. T.,
March 14, 1889.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Judge or Clerk Probate Court at Port Angeles, on Wednesday May 13, 1889, viz: Henry Glas, Pre. No. 11700 for the SW 1-4 SE 1-4 Sec. 18 W 1-2 NE 1-4 NW 1-4 SE 1-4 Sec. 19 twp 30 N. R 5 W. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: Peter Unsinger, John Westbrook, A. Lee and T. Greybill all of Port Angeles, W. T. Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of such proof, or who knows of any substantial reason, under the law and the regulations of the Interior Department, why such proof should not be allowed, will be given an opportunity at the above mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

5 8 JNO. B. BAIRD, Register.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, W. T.,
February 20, 1889.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Judge or Clerk Probate Court at Port Angeles, W. T., on Monday May 6, 1889, viz: Peter Unsinger, Pre. No. 11765 for the N ½ SE ¼ SE ¼ SE ¼ Sec. 18 twp 30 N, R 5 W. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: T. Greybill, C. A. Foss, H. Glas and F. Leonard all of Port Angeles, W. T. Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of such proof, or who knows of any substantial reason, under the law and the regulations of the Interior Department, why such proof should not be allowed, will be given an opportunity at the above mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

5 3 JOHN B. BAIRD, Register.

NOTICE.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, W. T.,
January 10, 1889.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," J. F. Laughlin of Pierce County, Territory of Washington, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 3913, for the purchase of the SW ¼ of sec. No. 27 [illegible]

NOTICE.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, W. T.,
February 5, 1889.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," Wm. McNeill of Puyallup, County of Pierce, Territory of Washington has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 4119, for the purchase of the N ½ S ½ of Sec. No. 33, in Tp. No. 30 N. R. No. 6 W., and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Seattle, W. T., on Wednesday the 23rd day of April, 1890. He names as witnesses: Wm. Gray, L. Henderson, John Bell and G. E. Fend all of Port Angeles, W. T. Any and all persons claiming adversly the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 23rd day of April, 1890.

JNO. B. BAIRD, Register.

1 15 to 4 19 9

NOTICE.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, W. T.,
January 31, 1889.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled, "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," Horace A. Kellogg of Port Angeles, County of Clallam, Territory of Washington has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 4061, for the purchase of the NW ¼ of Sec. No. 35, in Tp. No. 30 N, R No. 6 W and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Seattle, W. T., on Saturday the 22nd day of March 1890. He names as witnesses: C. P. Crawford, O. B. Jordon, L. Henderson and Louis Cohn all of Port Angeles, W. T. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 22nd day of March, 1890.

JNO. B. BAIRD, Register.

2 15 to 4 19 9.

NOTICE.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, W. T.,
January 30, 1889.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled, "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," James D. Miller of Osceola, County of Snohomish, Territory of Washington has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 3959, for the purchase of the SE ¼ of Sec. No. [illegible] Tp. No. 30 N, R No. 6 W and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Seattle W. T., on Friday the 2[illegible] day of March 1890. He names as witnesses: L. Henderson, Port Angeles, [illegible] and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said [illegible] March, 1890.

[illegible], Register.

NOTICE.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, W. T.,
February 5, 1889.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," Peter Rank of Orting, County of Pierce, Territory of Washington has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 4117, for the purchase of the NW ¼ of Sec. No. 33, in Tp. No. 30 N, R No. 6 W, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Seattle, W. T., on Wednesday the 23rd day of April, 1890. He names as witnesses: Wm. Gray, L. Henderson, John Bell and G. E. Fend all of Port Angeles, W. T. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 23rd day of April, 1890.

JNO. B. BAIRD, Register.

2 15 to 4 19 9.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, W. T.,
February 20, 1889.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Judge or Clerk Probate Court at Port Angeles, W. T., on Monday May 6, 1889, viz: Peter Unsinger, Pre. No. 11765 for the N ½ SE ¼ SE ¼ SE ¼ Sec. 18 twp 30 N, R 5 W. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: T. Greybill, C. A. Foss, H. Glas and F. Leonard all of Port Angeles, W. T. Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of such proof, or who knows of any substantial reason, under the law and the regulations of the Interior Department, why such proof should not be allowed, will be given an opportunity at the above mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

JOHN B. BAIRD, Register.

NOTICE.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, W. T.,
January 10, 1889.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," Carl Bischoff of Tacoma, County of Pierce, Territory of Washington, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 4121, for the purchase of the W ½ NE ¼ and W ½ SE ¼ of Sec. No. 30, in Tp. No. 30 N, R No. 6 W, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Seattle, W. T., on Thursday the 24th day of April, 1890. He names as witnesses: Wm. Gray, L. Henderson, John Bell and G. E. Fend all of Port Angeles, W. T. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 24th day of April, 1890.

JNO. B. BAIRD, Register.

2 15 to 4 19 9.

NOTICE.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, W. T.,
February 5, 1889.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled, "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," Herbert J. Gray of Orting, County of Pierce, Territory of Washington has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 4120, for the purchase of the NE ¼ of Sec. No. 32, in Tp. No. 30 N, R No. 6 W, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Seattle, W. T., on Thursday the 24th day of April, 1890. He names as witnesses: L. DeMolliter, C. DeMolliter, P. Garvent and J. T. Wills all of Port Angeles, W. T. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 24th day of April, 1890.

JNO. B. BAIRD, Register.

2 15 to 4 19 9.

NOTICE.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, W. T.,
January 7th, 1889.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress, of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," Isaac P. Smith of Tacoma, County of Pierce, Territory of Washington has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 3881, for the purchase of the SW ¼ SW ¼ Sec. 13 SE ¼ SE ¼ Sec. 14 and E ½ NE ¼ Sec. No. 23, in Tp. No. 30 N. R No. 7 W and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Seattle, W. T., on Friday the 13th day of Dec. 1889. He names as witnesses: Thos. Grady, E. S. King, A. Brooks and Jno. S. Powell all of Seattle, W. T. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 13th day of Dec., 1889.

JNO. B. BAIRD, Register.

2 19 to 4 5 9

NOTICE.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, W. T.,
January 21, 1889.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory" Frederick Renstrum of Tacoma, County of Pierce, Territory of Washington has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 3984, for the purchase of the SE ¼ of Sec. No. 14, in Tp. No. 30 N, R No. 8 W. and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Seattle, W. T., on Monday the 10th day of Feb., 1890. He names as witnesses: H. Halland of Tacoma, W. T.; T. H. Brown of Tacoma, W. T.; T. A. McDonald of Port Angeles, W. T. and Richard Martin of Port Angeles, W. T. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 10th day of Feb., 1890.

JNO. B. BAIRD, Register.

2 8 9 to 4 12 9.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, W. T.,
February 13, 1889.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Probate Court at New Dungeness, W. T., on Saturday, March 5th, 1889. viz: Joseph Pearson Pre. D. S. 12687 for the E ½ NW ¼ NE ¼ SW ¼ and SW 1-4 NW ¼ Sec. 18 Tp 30 N R 5 W. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Walter M. Burch, Benj. Chambers, S. G. Morse, and Alfred Lee, all of Pt. Angeles W. T. Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of such proof, or who knows of any substantial reason, under the law and the regulations of the Interior Department, why such proof should not be allowed, will be given an opportunity at the above mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

JOHN B. BAIRD, Register.

NOTICE.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, W. T.,
January 5th, 1889.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress, of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," O. Otness, of Pierce County, Territory of Washington, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 3865, for the purchase of the [illegible] Sec. No. 23, in Tp. No. 30 N., R. [illegible] offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office. [illegible] 6th day of [illegible] 1889. He names as witnesses: Henry Ritzeman, of Stillaguamish, W. T., Ellis Williams, of Stillaguamish, W. T., Geo. Platt, of Slaughter, W. T. and Robert Christie, of Whatcom, W. T. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 6th day of December, 1889.

JNO. B. BAIRD, Register.

2 19 to 4 5 9

NOTICE.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, W. T.,
January 21, 1889.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress, June 3, 1878, entitled, "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," Laurence Clabby of Tacoma, County of Pierce, Territory of Washington has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 3978, for the purchase of the SE ¼ of Sec. No. 10, in Tp. No. 30 N, R No. 8 W. and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Seattle, W. T., on Friday the 7th day of Feb., 1890. He names as witnesses: H. Halland of Tacoma, W. T.; T. H. Brown of Tacoma, W. T.; T. A. McDonald of Port Angeles, W. T. and Richard Martin of Port Angeles, W. T. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 7th day of Feb., 1890.

JNO. B. BAIRD, Register.

2 8 9 to 4 12 9.

NOTICE.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, W. T.,
January 21, 1889.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress, June 3, 1878, entitled, "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," Ole Westgrund of Tacoma, County of Pierce, Territory of Washington, has this day filed in this office his sworn Statement No. 3979, for the purchase of the SW ¼ of Sec. No. 14, in Tp. No. 30 N, R No. 8 W and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultureal purposes and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Seattle W. T., on Saturday the 8th day of Feb. 1890. He names as witnesses: H. Halland of Tacoma W. T., T. H. Brown of Tacoma W. T., T. A. McDonald of Pt. Angeles W. T., and Richard Martin of Pt. Angeles W. T. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 8th day of Feb., 1890.

JNO. B. BAIRD, Register.

2 8 9 to 4 12 9.

NOTICE.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, W. T.,
January 21, 1889.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress, of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," John Westgrund of Tacoma, County of Pierce, Territory of Washington, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 3980, for the purchase of the NE ¼ of Sec. No 14, in Tp. No. 30 N, R No. 8 W and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver at Seattle, W. T., on Saturday the 8th day of Feb., 1890. He names as witnesses: H. Halland of Tacoma, W. T.; T. H. Brown of Tacoma, W. T.; T. A. McDonald of Port Angeles, W. T. and Richard Martin of Port Angeles, W. T. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 8th day of Feb. 1890.

JNO. B. BAIRD, Register.

2 8 9 to 4 12 9.

NOTICE.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, W. T.,
January 8, 1889.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," O. A. Parks of Tacoma, County of Pierce, Territory of Washington has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 3893, for the purchase of the SW ¼ of Sec. No. 18, in Tp. No. 30 N. R No. 7 W, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Seattle, W. T., on Friday the 20th day of Dec. 1889. He names as witnesses: Chas. C. Dural, Edw. Hanson, L. W. Gray and Clarence Vandewort all of Tacoma, W. T. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 20th day of December, 1889.

JNO. B. BAIRD, Register.

2 19 to 4 5 9

NOTICE.

LAND OFFICE AT SEATTLE, W. T.
January 10, 1889.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," Peter Stenger of Tacoma, County of Pierce, Territory of Washington has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 3910, for the purchase of the S ½ NE ¼ and S ½ NW ¼ of Sec. No. 28, in Tp 30 N, R. No. 6 W., and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone that for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Seattle, W. T., on Tuesday the [illegible] December, 1889. He [illegible] E. R. Marcum, F. [illegible] and Ole Peterson [illegible] Any and all [illegible] the above- [illegible] to file their [illegible] said 31 [illegible]

3 15 to 4 26 [illegible] ister

WM. C. GARRETSON. W. H. WOODRUFF. LEROY PRATT. GEORGE E. ATKINSON.

Garretson, Woodruff, Pratt & Co.,

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF

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Str. Evangel,

JAS. MORGAN, MASTER.

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Leaves Seattle every Wednesday night for Port Townsend, New Dungeness, Port Angeles, Crescent Bay, Pysht and Neah Bay.

Leaves Port Townsend every Saturday at 9 A. M. for New Dungeness and Port Angeles.

RETURNING.

Leaves Port Angeles every Tuesday morning for New Dungeness, Port Townsend and Seattle.

Leaves Port Angeles every Friday morning for New Dungeness and Port Townsend.

Leaves Port Angeles every Saturday afternoon for New Dungeness and Port Townsend.

For freight or Passage apply to Capt. Jas. Morgan, on board or to

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Port Townsend, W. T.

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THE very best quality of all kinds of Meat at wholesale and retail. Sausages, Head Cheese, Bologna Sausages, etc., always on hand. Orders from the country will receive prompt attention

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BLANK BOOKS MADE, —OR— All Classes —OF— BOOK BINDING EXECUTED.

Also Self Inking Dating RUBBER STAMPS. The undersigned has complete Factories for the above work in any quantity, and solicits orders from Clallam County, and Port Angeles in particular, agreeing to do any work intrusted to his care in the best manner, and at a rate that will repay the sender, and sufficiently low to cover duty.

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P. F. EMERSON, Prop.

Tables Supplied with all the Delicacies of the Season.

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